

Faculty of Political Science / JOURNALISM / Geopolitics

Course:	Geopolitics			
Course ID	Course status	Semester	ECTS credits	Lessons (Lessons+Exercises+Laboratory)
12516	Mandatory	1	5	2+2+0
Programs	JOURNALISM			
Prerequisites	None.			
Aims	<p>This course aims to provide students with a greater understanding of international politics and its essential part of "geopolitics", how it works, how it can be used to assess the capabilities of a state, region or community of states in terms of their internal and external policies. Different aspects of the geopolitical approach will be analyzed taking into account geographic, cultural, and temporal factors. The subject of studying political geography, geopolitics and geostrategy is the state as a political entity. In the last twenty years, theoretical discussions and conceptual changes in geography they were also reflected in the development of the mentioned disciplines. Political geography is given the importance of an empirical spatial discipline that deals with the spatial foundations and effects of social and political processes and structures. For example, instead of the predominant research on the creation of state borders and their morphological description, the interest is directed towards their permeability and impact on the surrounding space. Instead of a formal description of the structure of the state, attention is paid to the research of integrative and disintegrative forces in it. All these changes have not completely supplanted the traditional objects of interest political geography, such as a country. In recent times, the focus of political geography research is on political processes within three categories: space, time and power. In contemporary movements within political geography, the focus of study has shifted from the state and its form, borders and living space to supranational, large political entities, as well as to smaller political communities. Within this subject, the theoretical aspects of contemporary geopolitics and geostrategy are analyzed, as well as concrete examples of the application of knowledge of political geography and geopolitics in the world today.</p>			
Learning outcomes	<p>Defines basic terms in geopolitics - Defines and explains the influence of traditional geopolitical theories on contemporary concepts of geopolitics - Recognizes the basic characteristics and specificities of different schools and movements in geopolitics - Analyzes and explains historical and contemporary flows of geostrategic relations, problems of spheres of interest in the past and today - Recognizes and interprets the geostrategic regions of the modern world, with an emphasis on areas that present challenges to contemporary global security - Recognize and use the methodological apparatus of contemporary geostrategic and geopolitical analyses - Analyzes contemporary geopolitical concepts through the use of new analytical procedures and methods - Defines and explains the interaction between space and spatial phenomena and the official policy of a certain state - Analyzes contemporary international relations by explaining contemporary geopolitical processes</p>			
Lecturer / Teaching assistant	Prof. dr Boris Vukićević, professor Mr Todor Lakić, Teaching Assistant			
Methodology	Lectures, thematic debates and discussions, simulations, solving case studies, writing essays and term papers, consultations, screening of feature films and documentaries.			
Plan and program of work				
Preparing week	Preparation and registration of the semester			
I week lectures	Introduction			
I week exercises				
II week lectures	Imperial geopolitics – British and American			
II week exercises				
III week lectures	Imperial geopolitics - German			
III week exercises				
IV week lectures	Geopolitics of the Cold War			
IV week exercises				
V week lectures	Geopolitics of the 21st century			
V week exercises				
VI week lectures	Test I			
VI week exercises	Test I			

VII week lectures	Geopolitics of global threats
VII week exercises	
VIII week lectures	Antigeopolitics
VIII week exercises	
IX week lectures	Europe
IX week exercises	
X week lectures	Two peripheries of Europe: Russia and the Balkans
X week exercises	
XI week lectures	Test II
XI week exercises	Test II
XII week lectures	Remedial tests I and II
XII week exercises	Remedial tests I and II
XIII week lectures	Middle East and Africa
XIII week exercises	
XIV week lectures	America(s)
XIV week exercises	
XV week lectures	Asia
XV week exercises	
Student workload	Weekly: 5 credits x 40/30 = 6 hours and 40 minutes Structure: 2 hours of lectures 2 hours of exercises 2 hours and 40 minutes of individual student work (preparation for laboratory exercises, for colloquiums, doing homework) including consultations. In the semester Teaching and final exam: (6 hours and 40 minutes) x 16 = 106 hours and 40 minutes Necessary preparation before the beginning of the semester (administration, registration, certification): 2 x (6 hours and 40 minutes) = 13 hours and 20 minutes Total workload for the course: 5 x 30 = 150 hours Additional work for exam preparation in the make-up exam period, including taking the make-up exam from 0 - 30 hours. Load structure: 106 hours and 40 minutes (teaching) + 13 hours and 20 minutes (preparation) + 30 hours (additional work)
Per week	Per semester
5 credits x 40/30=6 hours and 40 minuts 2 sat(a) theoretical classes 0 sat(a) practical classes 2 excercises 2 hour(s) i 40 minuts of independent work, including consultations	Classes and final exam: 6 hour(s) i 40 minuts x 16 =106 hour(s) i 40 minuts Necessary preparation before the beginning of the semester (administration, registration, certification): 6 hour(s) i 40 minuts x 2 =13 hour(s) i 20 minuts Total workload for the subject: 5 x 30=150 hour(s) Additional work for exam preparation in the preparing exam period, including taking the remedial exam from 0 to 30 hours (remaining time from the first two items to the total load for the item) 30 hour(s) i 0 minuts Workload structure: 106 hour(s) i 40 minuts (courses), 13 hour(s) i 20 minuts (preparation), 30 hour(s) i 0 minuts (additional work)
Student obligations	Lectures, exercises, activity, writing a research paper, tests, exam.
Consultations	
Literature	1. Ó Tuathail, G. Dalby, S. Routledge, P. (ur.), Uvod u geopolitiku, Politička kultura, Zagreb, 2007. 2. Dodds, Klaus, Geopolitics: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford Press, 2012. 3. Avijucki, Vječeslav, Kontinentalne geopolitike, Clio, Beograd, 2009. 4. Vukadinović, Radovan, Vanjska politika SAD-a u vrijeme hladnog rata, Politička kultura, Zagreb, 2007. 5. Vukadinović, Radovan, Amerika i Rusija, Politička kultura, Zagreb, 2008. 6. Agnew, John, Geopolitics: Re-visioning World Politics, New York, Routledge, 2003. Additional literature: 1. Danilevski, Rusija i Evropa, Nolit, Beograd, 2007. 2. Dugin, Aleksandar, Osnovi geopolitike, Ekopres, Zrenjanin, 2004. 3. Dugin, Aleksandar, Konspirologija, Brimo, Beograd, 2001 4. Bžežinski, Zbignjev, Velika šahovska tabla, CID, Beograd, 1999. 5. Hantington, Samjuel P. Sukob civilizacija, CID, Banja Luka, 2000. 6. Petrović, Dragan, Geopolitika Balkana, Institut za međunarodnu politiku i privredu, Beograd, 2014. 7. Kisindžer, Henri, Diplomacija I i II, Verzalpress, Beograd, 1999. 8. Vukadinović, Radovan, Međunarodni odnosi od hladnog rata do globalnog

			poretka, AKD, Zagreb, 2001. 9. Guiora, Amos, Modern Geopolitics and Security, CRC Press, 2010. 10. Flint, Colin, Introduction to Geopolitics, Routledge, 2006. 11. Walberg, Eric, Postmodern Imperialism. Geopolitics and Great Games, Clarity Press, 2011. 12. Sempa, Francis, Geopolitics. From the Cold War to 21st Century, Transaction Publisher, 2002.			
Examination methods			Exercises - 20 points Test - 2 x 25 points (from the book Introduction to Geopolitics) Final exam - 30 points (from the book Continental Geopolitics, exam questions are subtitles of the book)			
Special remarks						
Comment						
Grade:	F	E	D	C	B	A
Number of points	less than 50 points	greater than or equal to 50 points and less than 60 points	greater than or equal to 60 points and less than 70 points	greater than or equal to 70 points and less than 80 points	greater than or equal to 80 points and less than 90 points	greater than or equal to 90 points